



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

carries extensive vocabularies and an index. It is quite likely that this work will remain definitive in its field.

The second volume contains the reports of the year covered and the accompanying paper is "The Osage Tribe: Rite of the Chiefs; Sayings of the Ancient Men," by Francis La Flesche.

The Chronicles of America. Edited by ALLEN JOHNSON. (New Haven: Yale University Press, 1921.)

This series of fifty volumes has become popular through the fascinating narratives of the dramatic episodes and through the beauty of the books themselves. They are divided into eight topical groups as follows: "I. The Morning of America," "II. The Winning of Independence," "III. The Vision of the West," "IV. The Storm of Secession," "V. The Intellectual Life," "VI. The Epic of Commerce and Industry," "VII. The Era of World Power," "VIII. Our Neighbors."

The reason for mentioning the series at this time is the fact that the Yale University Press has issued a less expensive edition strictly for the use of schools and libraries. These new volumes do not contain the sumptuous illustrations of the original edition, but they seem to be printed from the same type, they are well bound, carry essential maps and each one has a beautiful frontispiece printed in colors.

This *Quarterly* has received the following numbers of the new edition: *Adventures of Oregon*, by Constance Lindsay Skinner; *The Forty-Niners*, by Stewart Edward White; *The Passing of the Frontier*, by Emerson Hough; *The Railroad Builders*, by John Moody; *The Agrarian Crusade*, by Solon J. Buck; *The Path of Empire*, by Carl Russell Fish.

The Canadian Historical Review. Edited by W. S. WALLACE. (Toronto: University of Toronto Press, December, 1921.)

The article most closely related to the Pacific Northwest is "The Gold Colony of British Columbia" by Walter N. Sage, a member of the history staff in the University of British Columbia. Judge F. W. Howay, of New Westminster, has articles in the Reviews of Books department, where he examines in his scholarly way four recent discussions of the origin of the name Oregon,